

# Operational Definition of Computational Thinking for K–12 Education

The International Society for Technology in Education (ISTE) and the Computer Science Teachers Association (CSTA) have collaborated with leaders from higher education, industry, and K–12 education to develop an operational definition of computational thinking. The operational definition provides a framework and vocabulary for computational thinking that will resonate with all K–12 educators. ISTE and CSTA gathered feedback by survey from nearly 700 computer science teachers, researchers, and practitioners who indicated overwhelming support for the operational definition.

**Computational thinking (CT) is a problem-solving process that includes (but is not limited to) the following characteristics:**

- Formulating problems in a way that enables us to use a computer and other tools to help solve them.
- Logically organizing and analyzing data
- Representing data through abstractions such as models and simulations
- Automating solutions through algorithmic thinking (a series of ordered steps)
- Identifying, analyzing, and implementing possible solutions with the goal of achieving the most efficient and effective combination of steps and resources
- Generalizing and transferring this problem solving process to a wide variety of problems

**These skills are supported and enhanced by a number of dispositions or attitudes that are essential dimensions of CT. These dispositions or attitudes include:**

- Confidence in dealing with complexity
- Persistence in working with difficult problems
- Tolerance for ambiguity
- The ability to deal with open ended problems
- The ability to communicate and work with others to achieve a common goal or solution

